



Energy Management

Root Causes and

Draft System Comparison

MMY



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Estimated Length: 20 minutes 1 of 27

1920'S – Friction Draft Gear



- 1. On compression, wedges forces friction shoes against outer wear plates in the housing.
- 2. On release, spring return force is substantially lower than that absorbed by the friction wedges.
- 3. Rectangular housing fills center sill for reduced wear.







1920'S – Friction Draft Gear

Actual Impact Performance

- 1. Initial force buildup from static friction.
- 2. Little resistance provided once friction clutch begins to move.
- 3. Second "impact" greater than the first.









1970's – Polymer Draft Gear



Elastomeric Pad (~270 lbs)

- 1. On compression, plunger forces friction wedges against outer walls from resistive pad force.
- 2. On release, elastomeric pads provide substantially lower restorative forces.
- *3.* Single pad stack allows for lighter weight housing.

Typical Drop Hammer Performance Graph











1980'S – End-of-Car Cushioning

Year	Spec.	Title
1986	M-921A	Sliding Sill
1989	M-921B	End-of-Car
1993	M-921D	End-of-Car (auto rack)
2000	M-921E	End-of-Car Active Draft (auto rack)
2004	M-921F	End-of-Car Active Draft
2004	M-921H	Unit Condition Indicator





jsunde@stratoinc.com 7 of 27

1980's – End-of-Car Cushioning

Actual Impact Performance

- 1. Once preload is reached, the unit begins to compress smoothly.
- 2. Internal pressure returns unit to neutral.
- 3. Free slack can be seen after impact.

















Draft System Resistance – Effect on forces







Draft System Resistance – Effect on forces

"Standard" free slack ~1/2"







Draft System Resistance – Effect on forces







Undesired Slack



Amount of slack depends on draft system.

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Some systems are designed to include slack.



Over-the-Road Forces



Run-in event: Deceleration Brake application

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Evidence: Coupler snap Contouring Shank wear



Over-the-Road Forces



Run-out event: Acceleration Throttle up

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Coupler snap

Equipment Limitations







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Equipment Limitations



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103-car coil steel train
(3) Head end locomotives
103 loaded cars, 0 empty = 12,500 tons & 5,500 ft
15" EOCC on 100 cars = 250-275 ft of slack

Frequent broken knuckles at rear of train. Limit train to 80 cars = no knuckles break.





Train Action – Draft failure prevented







103-car coil steel train

(3) Head end locomotives103 loaded cars, 0 empty = 12,500 tons & 5,500 ftSelective Cushioning Unit on 103 cars

Prevents "velocity wave" produced by EOCC. Extends knuckle life.





Train Action – EOCC buff failure







Auto racks and double-stacks 2x1 Mid-train distributed power

68 loaded cars, 0 empty = 9,752 tons & 9,211 ft 10" EOCC on 42 cars = 70-95 ft of slack

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Gage ruptured under last M/L and first D/S



Train Action – Buff failure prevented







Auto racks and double-stacks

2x1 Mid-train distributed power68 loaded cars, 0 empty = 9,752 tons & 9,211 ftSelective Cushioning Unit on 42 cars

Prevents low-force run-in and run-out. Avoids large buff forces and associated damage.





What about other draft systems?



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25 of 27

Klopp TD23-001 Apr 13, 2023

Selective Cushioning Unit

Highest capacity non-hydraulic draft system



Actively neutral-seeking Solid-state design

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AAR Conditional Approval 5+ years of field service data



Selective Cushioning Unit

10000

Available in both E and F configurations for any pocket style.

Part of the ongoing need to revisit equipment standards for the demands of current and future operations.

Jonathan Sunde Chief Engineer – Draft & Brake Systems jsunde@stratoinc.com Thank you

